

Hardware Reference Guide

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Product notice

This guide describes features that are common to most models. Some features may not be available on your product. To access the latest user guide, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/support</u>, and follow the instructions to find your product. Then select **User Guides**.

Software terms

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For any further information or to request a full refund of the price of the computer, please contact your seller.

About This Guide

This guide provides basic information for upgrading your computer model.

- A WARNING! Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, **could** result in death or serious injury.
- **CAUTION:** Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, **could** result in minor or moderate injury.
- **IMPORTANT:** Indicates information considered important but not hazard-related (for example, messages related to property damage). An Important alert warns the user that failure to follow a procedure exactly as described could result in loss of data or in damage to hardware or software. Also contains essential information to explain a concept or to complete a task.
- **NOTE:** Contains additional information to emphasize or supplement important points of the main text.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ TIP: Provides helpful hints for completing a task.

Table of contents

1 Product features	1
Standard configuration features	
Front panel components	2
Rear panel components	
Serial number location	4
2 Hardware upgrades	5
Serviceability features	
Warnings and cautions	5
Removing the computer access panel	6
Replacing the computer access panel	
Removing the front bezel	
Removing bezel blanks	8
Replacing the front bezel	10
Removing and installing the optional front bezel dust filter	
System board connections	12
Upgrading system memory	
Installing a memory module	
Removing or installing an expansion card	16
Drive positions	22
Removing and installing drives	23
Removing a 5.25-inch drive	24
Installing a 5.25-inch drive	25
Removing a 9.5 mm slim optical drive	
Installing a 9.5 mm slim optical drive	29
Removing a 3.5-inch hard drive	
Installing a 3.5-inch hard drive	
Removing a 2.5-inch hard drive	39
Installing a 2.5-inch hard drive	40
Removing and installing an M.2 SSD storage card	42
Installing a security lock	
Security cable lock	
Padlock	45
HP Business PC Security Lock V2	46
Front bezel security	51

Appendix A Battery replacement	53
Appendix B Electrostatic discharge	57
Preventing electrostatic damage	57
Grounding methods	
-	
Appendix C Computer operating guidelines, routine care and shipping preparation	58
Computer operating guidelines and routine care	58
Optical drive precautions	59
Operation	59
Cleaning	59
Safety	59
Shipping preparation	59
Appendix D Accessibility	60
Accessibility	60
Finding the technology tools you need	60
Our commitment	60
International Association of Accessibility Professionals (IAAP)	61
Finding the best assistive technology	61
Assessing your needs	61
Accessibility for HP PC and tablet products	
Standards and legislation	62
Standards	62
Mandate 376 – EN 301 549	62
Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG)	62
Legislation and regulations	63
United States	63
21st Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act (CVAA)	63
Canada	63
Europe	64
United Kingdom	64
Australia	64
Worldwide	
Useful accessibility resources and links	
Organizations	
Educational institutions	
Other disability resources	
HP links	
Contacting support	65

Index	57

1 Product features

Standard configuration features

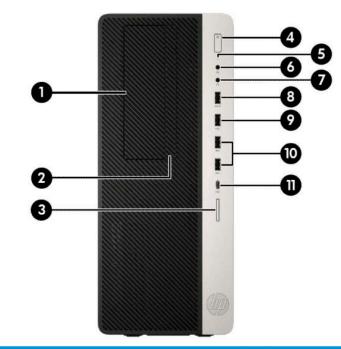
Features may vary depending on the model. For support assistance and to learn more about the hardware and software installed on your computer model, run the HP Support Assistant utility.

NOTE: This computer model can be used in a tower orientation or a desktop orientation.



Front panel components

Drive configuration may vary by model. Some models have a bezel blank covering one or more drive bays.

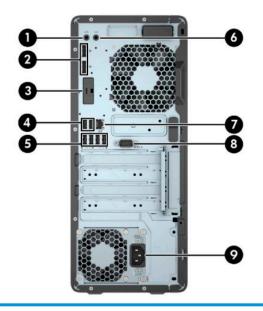


Front panel components				
1	5.25-inch half-height drive bay (behind bezel)	7	Audio-out (headphone) jack	
2	Slim optical drive (optional)	8	USB port with HP Sleep and Charge	
3	SD card reader (optional)	9	USB port	
4	Power button	10	USB SuperSpeed ports (2)	
5	Hard drive activity light	11	USB Type-C port	
6	Audio-out (headphone)/Audio-in (microphone) combo jack			

NOTE: The combo jack supports headphones, line output devices, microphones, line input devices, or CTIA-style headsets.

NOTE: The light on the power button is normally white when the power is on. If it is flashing red, there is a problem with the computer and it is displaying a diagnostic code. Refer to the *Maintenance and Service Guide* to interpret the code.

Rear panel components



Rear panel components

1	((•斧	Audio-out jack for powered audio devices	6	(••)*-	Audio-in jack
2	₽ţ	DisplayPort monitor connectors (2)	7	무무	RJ-45 (network) jack
3		Optional port	8	IOIOIA	Serial port (optional)
4	•	USB ports (2)	9		Power cord connector
5	SS↔	USB SuperSpeed ports (4)			

NOTE: Your model may have additional optional ports available from HP.

When a graphics card is installed in one of the system board slots, the video connectors on the graphics card and/or the integrated graphics on the system board may be used. The specific graphics card installed and software configuration will determine the behavior.

The system board graphics can be disabled by changing settings in BIOS F10 Setup.

Serial number location

Each computer has a unique serial number and a product ID number that are located on the exterior of the computer. Keep these numbers available for use when contacting customer service for assistance.



2 Hardware upgrades

Serviceability features

The computer includes features that make it easy to upgrade and service. A Torx T15 or flat-bladed screwdriver is needed for some of the installation procedures described in this chapter.

Warnings and cautions

Before performing upgrades be sure to carefully read all of the applicable instructions, cautions, and warnings in this guide.

A WARNING! To reduce the risk of personal injury from electrical shock, hot surfaces, or fire:

Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and allow the internal system components to cool before you touch them.

Do not plug telecommunications or telephone connectors into the network interface controller (NIC) receptacles.

Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.

Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) AC outlet that is easily accessible at all times.

To reduce the risk of serious injury, read the *Safety & Comfort Guide*. It describes proper workstation setup, and proper posture, health, and work habits for computer users. The *Safety & Comfort Guide* also provides important electrical and mechanical safety information. The *Safety & Comfort Guide* is available on the Web at http://www.hp.com/ergo.

MARNING! Energized and moving parts inside.

Disconnect power to the equipment before removing the enclosure.

Replace and secure the enclosure before re-energizing the equipment.

IMPORTANT: Static electricity can damage the electrical components of the computer or optional equipment. Before beginning these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by briefly touching a grounded metal object. See <u>Electrostatic discharge on page 57</u> for more information.

When the computer is plugged into an AC power source, voltage is always applied to the system board. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.

Removing the computer access panel

To access internal components, you must remove the access panel:

- **1.** Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Slide the access panel release lever to the left (1) so that it locks into place. Then slide the access panel back (2) and lift it off the computer (3).



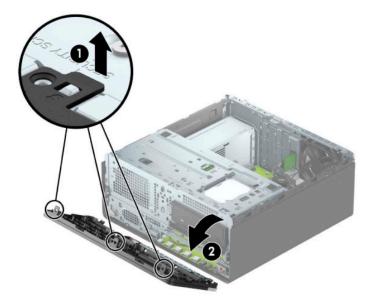
Replacing the computer access panel

Be sure that the access panel release lever is locked into place, and then place the access panel on the computer (1) and slide the panel forward (2). The release lever will automatically move back to the right and secure the access panel.



Removing the front bezel

- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- 6. Lift up the three tabs on the top of the bezel (1), and then rotate the bezel off the chassis (2).

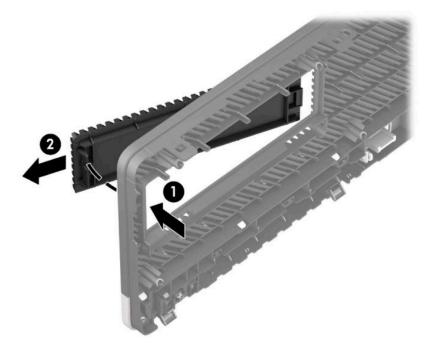


Removing bezel blanks

On some models, bezel blanks cover the optical drive bays. You must remove the bezel blank before installing an optical drive. To remove a bezel blank:

- 1. Remove the access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- 2. Remove the front bezel. See <u>Removing the front bezel on page 8</u>.

3. To remove a 5.25-inch optical drive bezel blank, press inward on the two tabs on the right side of the blank (1), and then rotate the blank off the front bezel (2).

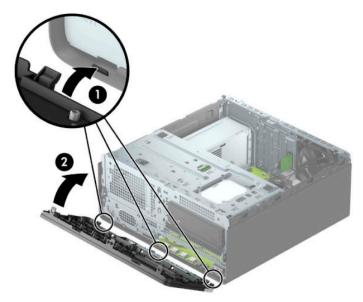


To remove a slim optical drive bezel blank, press inward on the tab on the right side of the blank (1), and then rotate the blank away from the front bezel (2) and slide the left side of the blank out of the slot on the front bezel (3).



Replacing the front bezel

Insert the three hooks on the bottom of the bezel into the rectangular holes on the chassis (1), and then rotate the top of the bezel onto the chassis (2) and snap it into place.



Removing and installing the optional front bezel dust filter

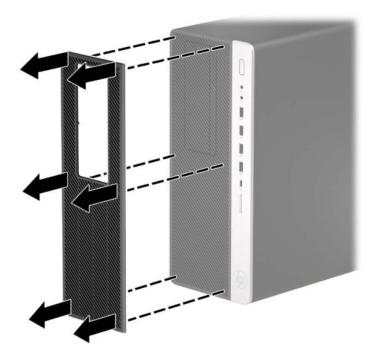
Some models are equipped with an optional front bezel dust filter. You must periodically clean the dust filter so that the dust collected on the filter does not impede airflow through the computer.

NOTE: The optional front bezel dust filter is available from HP.

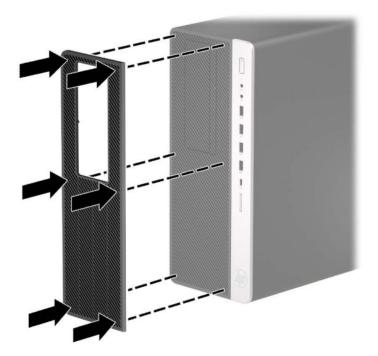
To remove, clean, and replace the dust filter:

- 1. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 2. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.

3. To remove the dust filter, use your fingers to separate the filter from the front bezel at the tab locations shown below.



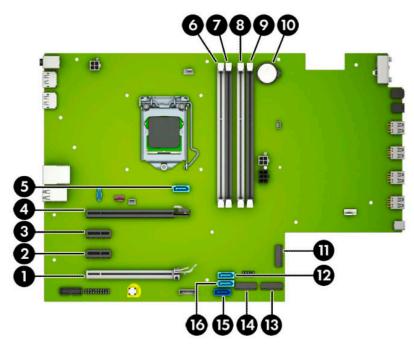
- 4. Use a soft brush or cloth to clean dust from the filter. If the filter is heavily soiled, rinse the filter clean with water and dry thoroughly.
- 5. To replace the dust filter, press the filter firmly onto the front bezel at the tab locations shown below.



6. Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.

System board connections

Refer to the following illustration and table to identify the system board connectors for your model.



ltem	System board connector	System board label	Color	Component
1	PCI Express x16 downshifted to a x4	X4PCIEXP	White	Expansion card
2	PCI Express x1	X1PCIEXP2	Black	Expansion card
3	PCI Express x1	X1PCIEXP1	Black	Expansion card
4	PCI Express x16	X16PCIEXP	Black	Expansion card
5	SATA 3.0	SATA1	Light blue	Slim optical drive
6	DIMM4 (Channel A)	DIMM4	White	Memory module
7	DIMM3 (Channel A)	DIMM3	Black	Memory module
8	DIMM2 (Channel B)	DIMM2	White	Memory module
9	DIMM1 (Channel B)	DIMM1	Black	Memory module
10	Battery	BAT	Black	Battery
11	M.2 WLAN 2230	WIRELESS	Black	M.2 WLAN card
12	SATA 3.0	SATA3	Light blue	Any SATA device other than the primary hard drive
13	M.2 SSD 2280	SSD2	Black	M.2 SSD storage card
14	M.2 SSD 2280	SSD1	Black	M.2 SSD storage card
15	SATA 3.0	SATAO	Dark blue	Primary hard drive
16	SATA 3.0	SATA2	Light blue	Any SATA device other than the primary hard drive

Upgrading system memory

The computer comes with double data rate 4 synchronous dynamic random access memory (DDR4-SDRAM) dual inline memory modules (DIMMs).

The memory sockets on the system board are populated with at least one preinstalled memory module. To achieve the maximum memory support, you can populate the system board with up to 64 GB of memory configured in a high-performing dual-channel mode.

For proper system operation, the DIMMs must adhere to the following specifications:

- Industry-standard 288-pin
- Unbuffered non-ECC PC4-19200 DDR4-2400 MHz-compliant
- 1.2 volt DDR4-SDRAM memory modules
- CAS latency 17 DDR4 2400 MHz (17-17-17 timing)
- Mandatory JEDEC SPD information

The computer supports the following:

- 512 Mb, 1 Gb, 2 Gb, and 4 Gb non-ECC memory technologies
- Single-sided and double-sided memory modules
- Memory modules constructed with x8 and x16 DDR devices; memory modules constructed with x4 SDRAM are not supported
- **NOTE:** The system does not operate properly if you install unsupported memory modules.

Installing a memory module

There are four memory sockets on the system board, with two sockets per channel. The sockets are labeled DIMM1, DIMM2, DIMM3, and DIMM4. Sockets DIMM1 and DIMM2 operate in memory channel B. Sockets DIMM3 and DIMM4 operate in memory channel A.

The system will automatically operate in single-channel mode, dual-channel mode, or flex mode, depending on how the DIMMs are installed.

NOTE: Single-channel and unbalanced dual-channel memory configurations will result in inferior graphics performance.

- The system will operate in single-channel mode if the DIMM sockets are populated in one channel only.
- The system will operate in a higher-performing dual-channel mode if the total memory capacity of the DIMMs in Channel A is equal to the total memory capacity of the DIMMs in Channel B. The technology and device width can vary between the channels. For example, if Channel A is populated with two 1 GB DIMMs and Channel B is populated with one 2 GB DIMM, the system will operate in dual-channel mode.
- The system will operate in flex mode if the total memory capacity of the DIMMs in Channel A is not equal to the total memory capacity of the DIMMs in Channel B. In flex mode, the channel populated with the least amount of memory describes the total amount of memory assigned to dual channel and the remainder is assigned to single channel. For optimal speed, the channels should be balanced so that the largest amount of memory is spread between the two channels. If one channel will have more memory than the other, the larger amount should be assigned to Channel A. For example, if you are populating the sockets with one 2 GB DIMM, and three 1 GB DIMMs, Channel A should be populated with the 2 GB

DIMM and one 1 GB DIMM, and Channel B should be populated with the other two 1 GB DIMMs. With this configuration, 4 GB will run as dual-channel and 1 GB will run as single-channel.

• In any mode, the maximum operational speed is determined by the slowest DIMM in the system.

IMPORTANT: You must disconnect the AC power cord and wait approximately 30 seconds for the power to drain before adding or removing memory modules. Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always supplied to the memory modules as long as the computer is plugged into an active AC outlet. Adding or removing memory modules while voltage is present may cause irreparable damage to the memory modules or system board.

The memory module sockets have gold-plated metal contacts. When upgrading the memory, it is important to use memory modules with gold-plated metal contacts to prevent corrosion and/or oxidation resulting from having incompatible metals in contact with each other.

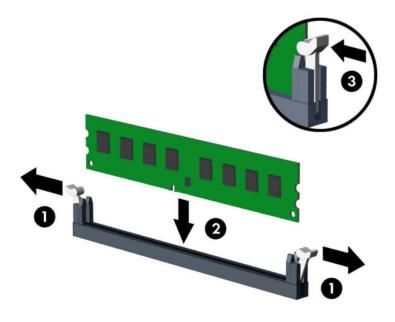
Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer or optional cards. Before beginning these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by briefly touching a grounded metal object. For more information, refer to <u>Electrostatic discharge on page 57</u>.

When handling a memory module, be careful not to touch any of the contacts. Doing so may damage the module.

- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- IMPORTANT: You must disconnect the AC power cord and wait approximately 30 seconds for the power to drain before adding or removing memory modules. Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always supplied to the memory modules as long as the computer is plugged into an active AC outlet. Adding or removing memory modules while voltage is present may cause irreparable damage to the memory modules or system board.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.

WARNING! To reduce risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the internal system components to cool before you touch them.

6. Open both latches of the memory module socket (1), and insert the memory module into the socket (2). Press the module down into the socket, ensuring that the module is fully inserted and properly seated. Make sure that the latches are in the closed position (3).



NOTE: A memory module can be installed in only one way. Match the notch on the module with the tab on the memory socket.

Populate the black DIMM sockets before the white DIMM sockets.

For maximum performance, populate the sockets so that the memory capacity is spread as equally as possible between Channel A and Channel B.

- 7. Repeat step 6 to install any additional modules.
- 8. Replace the computer access panel.
- **9.** Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer. The computer should automatically recognize the additional memory.
- **10.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

Removing or installing an expansion card

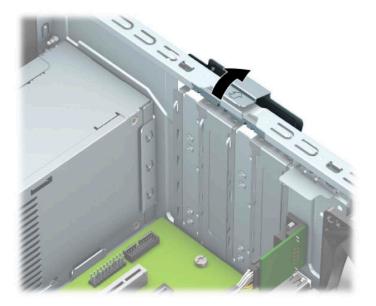
The computer has two PCI Express x1 expansion sockets, one PCI Express x16 expansion socket, and one PCI Express x16 expansion socket that is downshifted to a x4 socket.

NOTE: You can install a PCI Express x1, x4, x8, or x16 expansion card in the PCI Express x16 socket.

For dual graphics card configurations, the first (primary) card must be installed in the PCI Express x16 socket that is NOT downshifted to a x4.

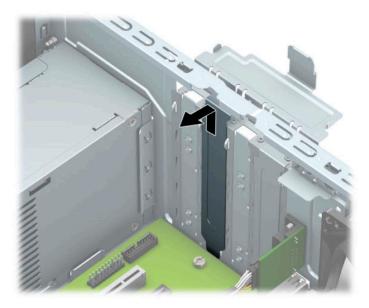
To remove, replace, or add an expansion card:

- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- Locate the correct vacant expansion socket on the system board and the corresponding expansion slot on the back of the computer chassis.
- **7.** Release the slot cover retention latch that secures the slot covers by lifting the tab on the latch and rotating the latch to the open position.

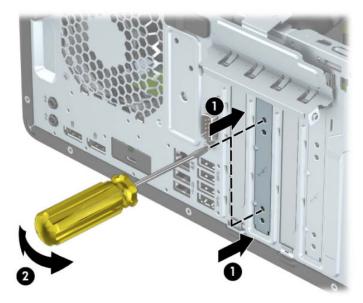


- 8. Remove the expansion slot cover or the existing expansion card.
 - **NOTE:** Before removing an installed expansion card, disconnect any cables that may be attached to the expansion card.
 - **a.** If you are installing an expansion card in a vacant socket, remove the appropriate expansion slot cover on the back of the chassis.

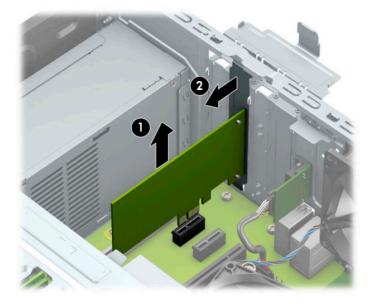
• Two of the slot covers slide out of the back of the chassis. Pull the slot cover straight up then away from the inside of the chassis.



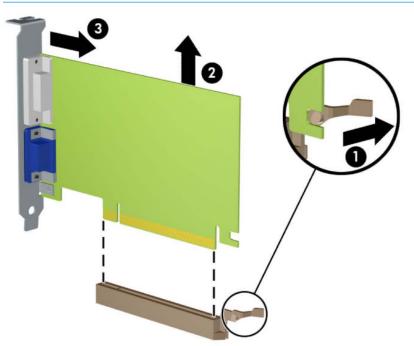
• The other two slot covers must be removed with a screwdriver. Insert a screwdriver into the slots on the rear of the slot cover (1) and rock the slot cover back and forth (2) to break it free from the chassis.



b. If you are removing a PCI Express x1 card, hold the card at each end and carefully rock it back and forth until the connectors pull free from the socket. Lift the card straight up (1) then away from the inside of the chassis (2) to remove it. Be sure not to scrape the card against other components.



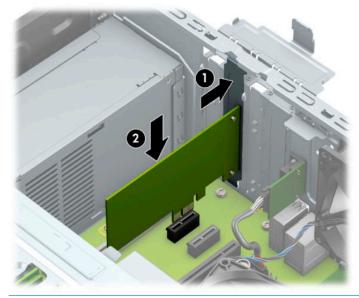
c. If you are removing a PCI Express x16 card, pull the retention arm on the back of the expansion socket away from the card (1) and carefully rock the card back and forth until the connectors pull free from the socket. Lift the card straight up (2) then away from the inside of the chassis (3) to remove it. Be sure not to scrape the card against other components.



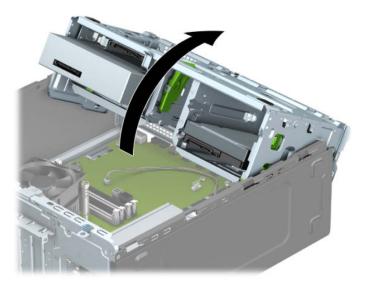
NOTE: If the card is full length, you may need to rotate the drive cage up to remove the card.

- 9. Store the removed card in antistatic packaging.
- **10.** If you are not installing a new expansion card, install an expansion slot cover to close the open slot.

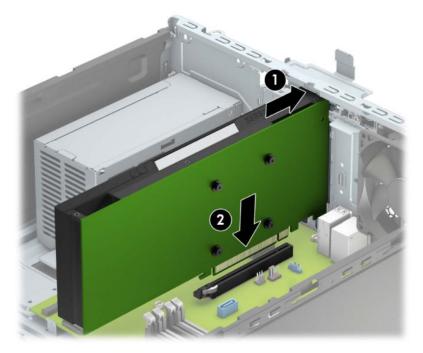
- **IMPORTANT:** After removing an expansion card, you must replace it with a new card or expansion slot cover for proper cooling of internal components during operation.
- **11.** To install a half-length expansion card, hold the card just above the expansion socket on the system board then move the card toward the rear of the chassis (1) so that the bottom of the bracket on the card slides into the small slot on the chassis. Press the card straight down into the expansion socket on the system board (2).



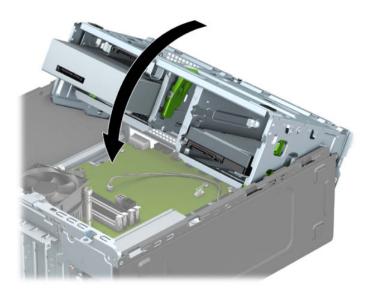
- **NOTE:** When installing an expansion card, press firmly on the card so that the whole connector is seated properly in the expansion card socket.
- **12.** To install a full-length expansion card you must rotate the drive cage up to allow room for installing the card.
 - **a.** Disconnect the power and data cables from the rear of the drives in the drive cage.
 - **b.** Rotate the drive cage up.



c. To install a full-length expansion card, hold the card just above the expansion socket on the system board then move the card toward the rear of the chassis (1) so that the bottom of the bracket on the card slides into the small slot on the chassis. Press the card straight down into the expansion socket on the system board (2).



d. Rotate the drive cage down.



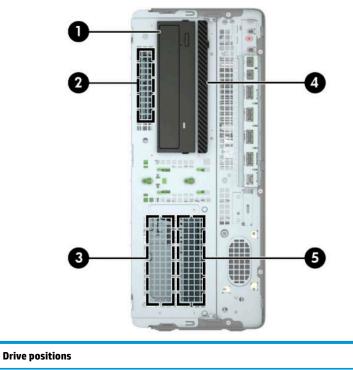
e. Connect the power and data cables to the rear of the drives in the drive cage.

13. Rotate the slot cover retention latch back in place to secure the expansion card.



- 14. Connect external cables to the installed card, if needed. Connect internal cables to the system board, if needed.
- **15.** Replace the computer access panel.
- **16.** Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.
- **17.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.
- **18.** Reconfigure the computer, if necessary.

Drive positions



1	5.25-inch half-height drive bay	
2	2.5-inch hard drive bay	
3	3.5-inch secondary hard drive bay	
4	9.5 mm slim optical drive bay	
5	3.5-inch primary hard drive bay	
NOTE: The drive configuration on your computer may be different than the drive configuration shown above.		

Removing and installing drives

When installing drives, follow these guidelines:

- The primary Serial ATA (SATA) hard drive must be connected to the dark-blue primary SATA connector on the system board labeled SATAO.
- Connect secondary hard drives and optical drives to any of the light-blue SATA connectors on the system board (labeled SATA1, SATA2, and SATA3).
- You must install mounting screws for hard drives and 5.25-inch optical drives to ensure that the drive will line up correctly in the drive cage and lock in place. Mounting screws can be purchased from HP.

IMPORTANT: To prevent loss of work and damage to the computer or drive:

If you are inserting or removing a drive, shut down the operating system properly, turn off the computer, and unplug the power cord. Do not remove a drive while the computer is on or in standby mode.

Before handling a drive, be sure that you are discharged of static electricity. While handling a drive, avoid touching the connector. For more information about preventing electrostatic damage, refer to <u>Electrostatic</u> <u>discharge on page 57</u>.

Handle a drive carefully; do not drop it.

Do not use excessive force when inserting a drive.

Avoid exposing a hard drive to liquids, temperature extremes, or products that have magnetic fields such as monitors or speakers.

If a drive must be mailed, place the drive in a bubble-pack mailer or other protective packaging and label the package "Fragile: Handle With Care."

Removing a 5.25-inch drive

- **NOTE:** All removable media should be taken out of a drive before removing the drive from the computer.
 - 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
 - 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
 - **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
 - 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
 - **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
 - 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
 - 6. Remove the front bezel. See <u>Removing the front bezel on page 8</u>.
 - 7. Disconnect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) from the rear of the drive.
 - **IMPORTANT:** When removing the cables, pull the tab or connector instead of the cable itself to avoid damaging the cable.



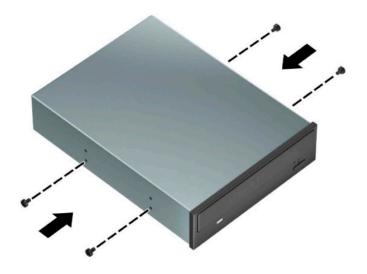
8. Slide the green drivelock mechanism toward the optical drive (1), and then slide the drive from the drive bay (2).



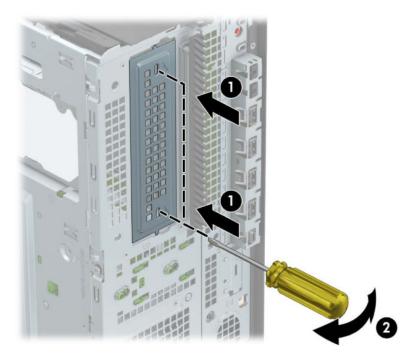
Installing a 5.25-inch drive

- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- 3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- 6. Remove the front bezel. If you are installing a drive in a bay covered by a bezel blank, remove the bezel blank. See <u>Removing bezel blanks on page 8</u> for more information.

- 7. If you are installing an optical drive, install four M3 metric mounting screws (not provided) in the lower holes on each side of the drive.
- NOTE: When replacing an optical drive, transfer the four M3 metric mounting screws from the old drive to the new one.
- **IMPORTANT:** Use only 5 mm–long screws as mounting screws. Longer screws can damage the internal components of the drive.



8. If you are installing a 5.25-inch drive in a vacant drive bay, you may need to remove the metal shield covering the front of the bay. Insert a screwdriver into the slots on the front of the shield (1) and rock the shield back and forth (2) to break it free from the chassis.



9. Slide the drive into the drive bay, making sure to align the mounting screws with the mounting slots, until the drive snaps into place.



10. Connect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) to the rear of the optical drive.



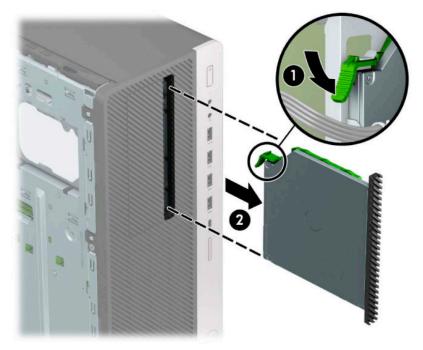
- **11.** Connect the opposite end of the data cable to one of the light-blue SATA connectors on the system board.
- **NOTE:** Refer to <u>System board connections on page 12</u> for an illustration of the system board drive connectors.
- **12.** Replace the front bezel and computer access panel.
- **13.** Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.
- **14.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

Removing a 9.5 mm slim optical drive

- **IMPORTANT:** All removable media should be taken out of a drive before removing the drive from the computer.
 - 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
 - 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
 - **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
 - 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
 - **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
 - 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
 - **6.** Disconnect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) from the rear of the drive.
 - **IMPORTANT:** When removing the cables, pull the tab or connector instead of the cable itself to avoid damaging the cable.



7. Press the green release latch on the right rear side of the drive toward the center of the drive (1), and then slide the drive forward and out of the bay (2).



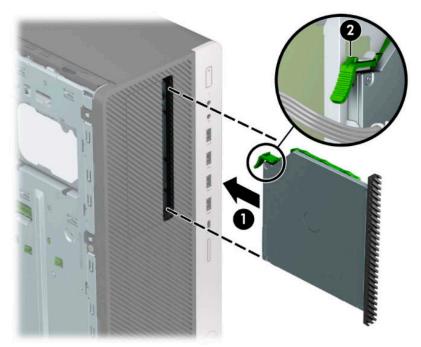
Installing a 9.5 mm slim optical drive

- **1.** Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- 3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- 6. If you are installing a slim optical drive in a bay covered by a bezel blank, remove the front bezel and then remove the bezel blank. See <u>Removing bezel blanks on page 8</u> for more information.

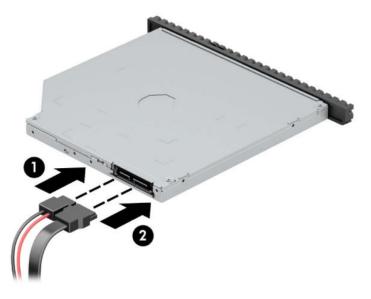
7. Align the small pin on the release latch with the small hole on the side of the drive and press the latch firmly onto the drive.



8. Slide the optical drive through the front bezel all the way into the bay (1) so that the latch on the rear of the drive locks into place (2).



9. Connect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) to the rear of the optical drive.



- **10.** Connect the opposite end of the data cable to one of the light-blue SATA connectors on the system board.
 - **NOTE:** Refer to <u>System board connections on page 12</u> for an illustration of the system board drive connectors.
- **11.** Replace the front bezel if it was removed.
- **12.** Replace the computer access panel.
- **13.** Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.
- **14.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

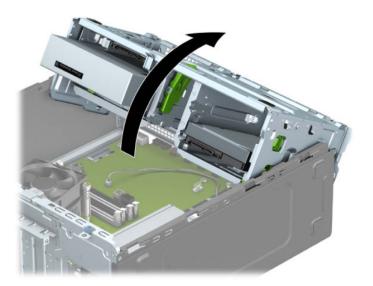
Removing a 3.5-inch hard drive

- NOTE: Before you remove the old hard drive, be sure to back up the data from the old hard drive so that you can transfer the data to the new hard drive.
 - 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
 - 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
 - 3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
 - 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
 - **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
 - 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.

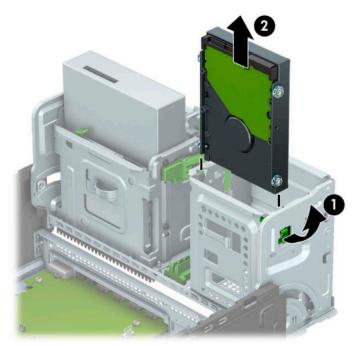
6. Disconnect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) from the rear of the hard drive.



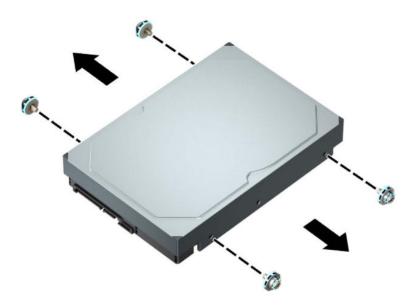
7. Rotate the drive cage up.



Remove the drive by pulling the release tab away from the drive (1) and sliding the drive out of the bay (2).



9. Remove the four mounting screws (two on each side) from the old drive. You will need these screws if you install a new drive.

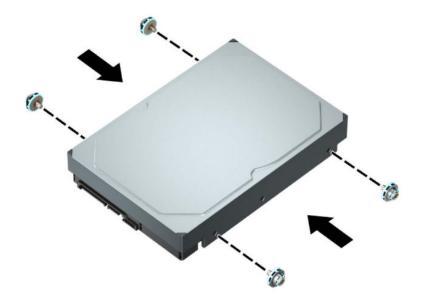


Installing a 3.5-inch hard drive

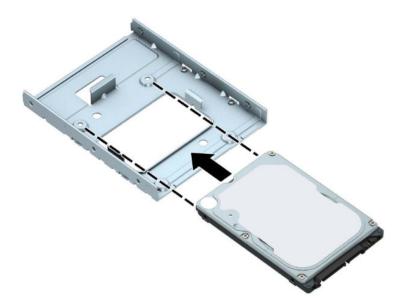
- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- Install mounting screws on the sides of the hard drive using standard 6-32 silver-and-blue mounting screws.
- **NOTE:** 6-32 mounting screws can be purchased from HP.

If you are replacing a drive, transfer the mounting screws from the old drive to the new drive.

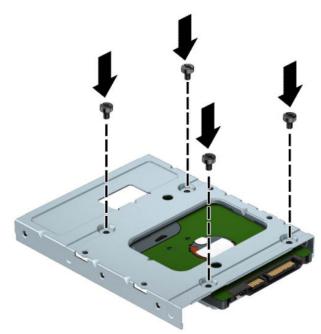
• Install four silver-and-blue 6-32 mounting screws (two on each side of the drive).



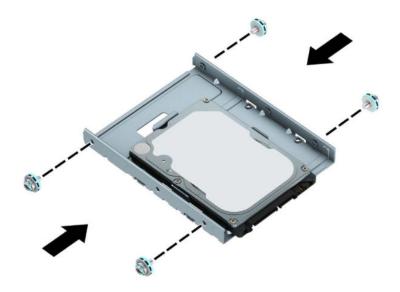
- You can also install a 2.5-inch hard drive into a 3.5-inch drive bay using an adapter bracket similar to the example shown below.
 - Slide the 2.5-inch drive into the 3.5-inch adapter bracket.



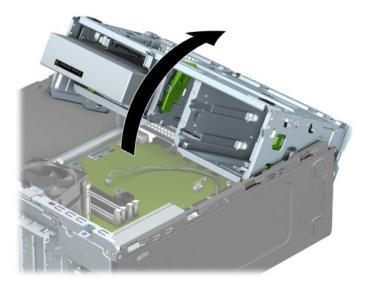
 Secure the drive to the bay adapter bracket by installing four black M3 adapter bracket screws through the underside of the bracket and into the drive.



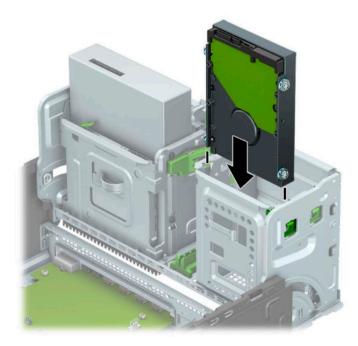
 Install four 6-32 silver-and-blue mounting screws in the adapter bracket (two on each side of the bracket).



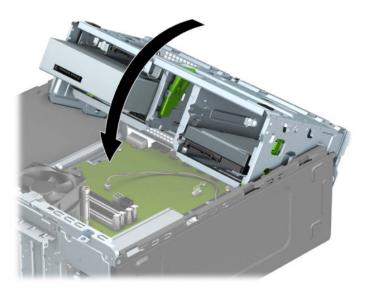
7. Rotate the drive cage up.



8. Slide the drive into the drive bay, making sure to align the mounting screws with the mounting slots, until the drive snaps into place.



9. Rotate the drive cage down.



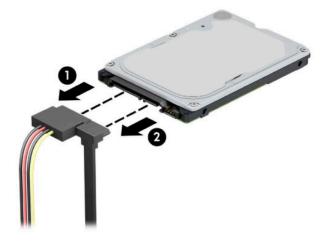
10. Connect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) to the rear of the hard drive.



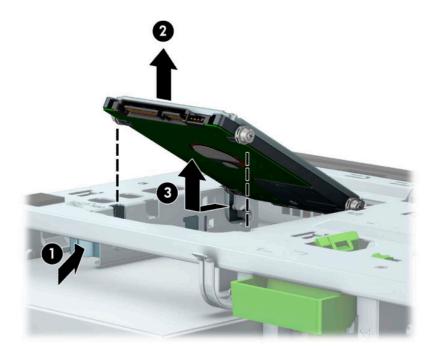
- **11.** If installing a new drive, connect the opposite end of the data cable to the appropriate system board connector.
- NOTE: You must connect the primary hard drive data cable to the dark-blue connector labeled SATAO to avoid any hard drive performance problems. If you are adding a second hard drive, connect the data cable to one of the light-blue SATA connectors.
- **12.** Replace the computer access panel.
- **13.** Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.
- **14.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

Removing a 2.5-inch hard drive

- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- 6. Disconnect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) from the rear of the hard drive.



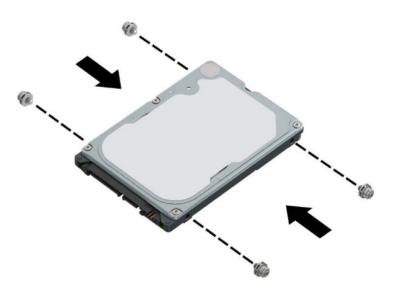
7. Pull the release lever at the rear of the drive outward (1) and lift the rear of the drive up (2). Then slide the front of the drive back until it stops and pull the drive up and out of the drive bay (3).



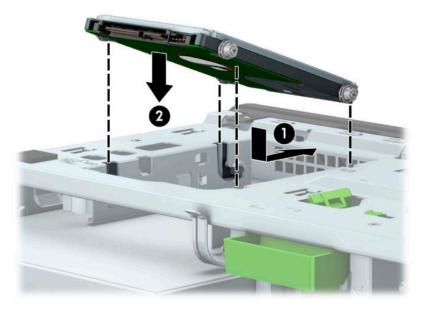
Installing a 2.5-inch hard drive

- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- 6. Install four black-and-blue M3 mounting screws (two on each side of the drive).
- **NOTE:** M3 metric mounting screws can be purchased from HP.

When replacing a drive, transfer the four mounting screws from the old drive to the new drive.



7. Align the front mounting screws on the drive with the J-slots on the sides of the drive bay. Press the front of the drive into the drive bay, and then slide the drive forward (1). Then press the rear of the drive down into the drive bay (2) so that the drive is secured in place.



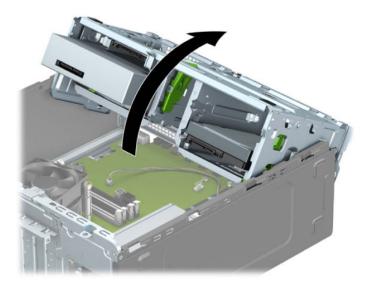
- 8. Connect the power cable (1) and data cable (2) to the rear of the hard drive.
- NOTE: If the 2.5-inch hard drive is the primary drive, connect the other end of the data cable to the dark-blue SATA connector on the system board labeled SATAO. If it is a secondary hard drive, connect the other end of the data cable to one of the light-blue SATA connectors on the system board.



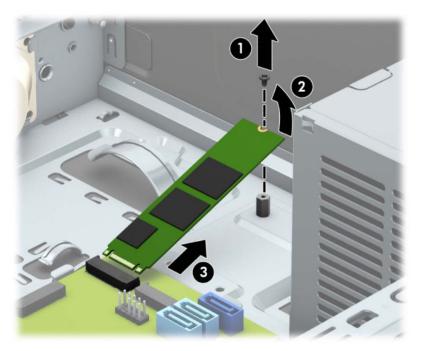
- **9.** Replace the computer access panel.
- **10.** Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.
- **11.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

Removing and installing an M.2 SSD storage card

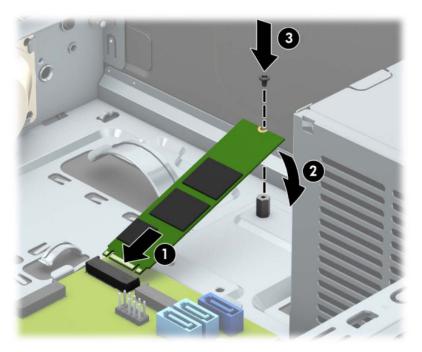
- NOTE: There are two M.2 SSD sockets on the system board. The computer supports 2230 and 2280 M.2 SSD cards.
 - 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
 - 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
 - **3.** Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
 - 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
 - **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
 - 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
 - 6. Disconnect the power and data cables from the rear of the drives in the drive cage.
 - 7. Rotate the drive cage up.



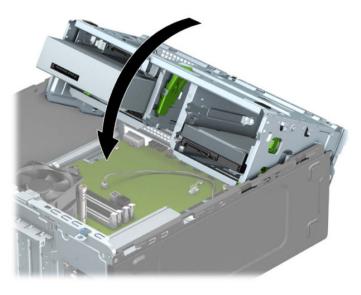
8. To remove an M.2 SSD card, remove the screw that secures the card (1), lift the end of the card up (2), and then slide the card out of the system board connector (3).



9. To install an M.2 SSD card, slide the pins on the card into the system board connector while holding the card at approximately a 30° angle (1). Press the other end of the card down (2), and then secure the card with the screw (3).



10. Rotate the drive cage down.



- **11.** Connect the power and data cables to the rear of the drives in the hard drive cage.
- **12.** Replace the computer access panel.
- **13.** Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.
- **14.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

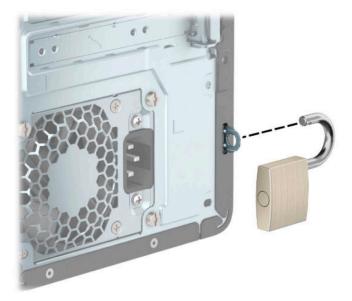
Installing a security lock

The security locks displayed below and on the following pages can be used to secure the computer.

Security cable lock



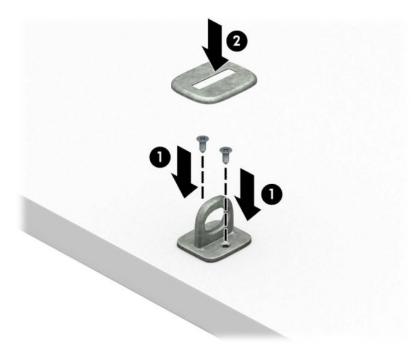
Padlock



HP Business PC Security Lock V2

The HP PC Security Lock V2 is designed to secure all of the devices at your workstation.

1. Attach the security cable fastener to a desktop using the appropriate screws for your environment (screws not provided) (1), and then snap the cover onto the base of the cable fastener (2).



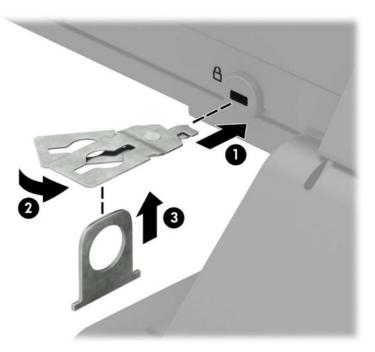
2. Loop the security cable around a stationary object.



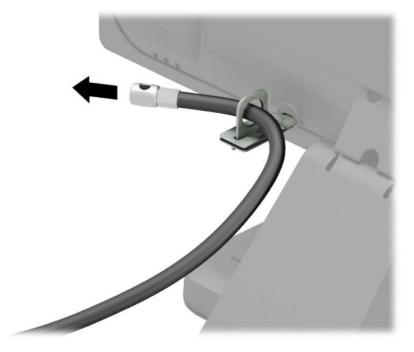
3. Slide the security cable through the security cable fastener.



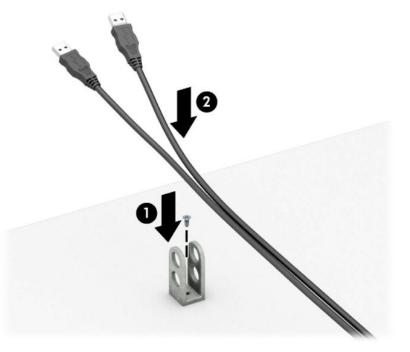
4. Pull the two scissor hands of the monitor lock apart and insert the lock into the security slot on the rear of the monitor (1), close the scissor hands together to secure the lock in place (2), and then slide the cable guide through the center of the monitor lock (3).



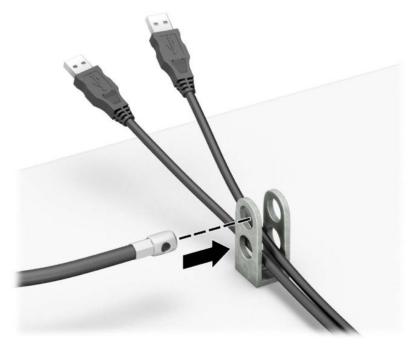
5. Slide the security cable through the security guide installed on the monitor.



6. Attach the accessory cable fastener to a desktop using the appropriate screw for your environment (screw not provided) (1), and then place the accessory cables into the base of the fastener (2)



7. Slide the security cable through the holes in the accessory cable fastener.



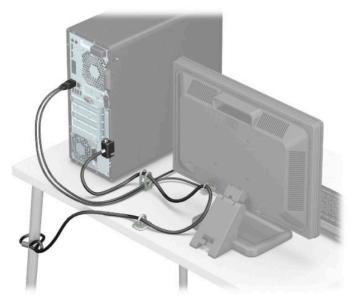
8. Screw the lock to the chassis using the screw provided.



9. Insert the plug end of the security cable into the lock (1) and press the button in (2) to engage the lock. Use the key provided to disengage the lock.



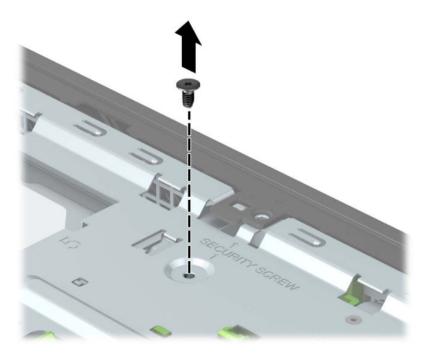
10. When you have completed all steps, all of the devices at your workstation will be secured.



Front bezel security

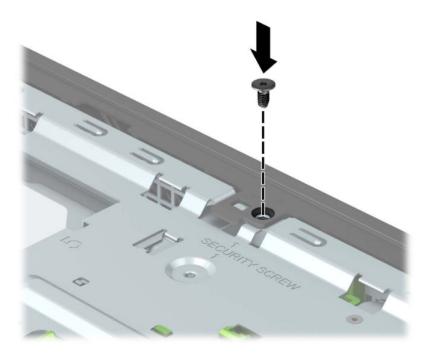
The front bezel can be secured in place by installing a security screw provided by HP. To install the security screw:

- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- 3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- 6. Remove the silver 6-32 security screw located on the chassis.



7. Make sure that the front bezel is installed on the chassis.

8. Install the security screw through the hole in the center retainer tab on the front bezel to secure the bezel in place.



- 9. Replace the computer access panel.
- **10.** Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.
- **11.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the access panel was removed.

A Battery replacement

The battery that comes with the computer provides power to the real-time clock. When replacing the battery, use a battery equivalent to the battery originally installed in the computer. The computer comes with a 3-volt lithium coin cell battery.

A WARNING! The computer contains an internal lithium manganese dioxide battery. There is a risk of fire and burns if the battery is not handled properly. To reduce the risk of personal injury:

Do not attempt to recharge the battery.

Do not expose to temperatures higher than 60°C (140°F).

Do not disassemble, crush, puncture, short external contacts, or dispose of in fire or water.

Replace the battery only with the HP spare designated for this product.

IMPORTANT: Before replacing the battery, it is important to back up the computer CMOS settings. When the battery is removed or replaced, the CMOS settings will be cleared.

Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer or optional equipment. Before beginning these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by briefly touching a grounded metal object.

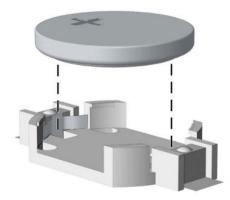
NOTE: The lifetime of the lithium battery can be extended by plugging the computer into a live AC outlet. The lithium battery is only used when the computer is NOT connected to AC power.

HP encourages customers to recycle used electronic hardware, HP original print cartridges, and rechargeable batteries. For more information about recycling programs, go to <u>http://www.hp.com/recycle</u>.

- 1. Remove/disengage any security devices that prohibit opening the computer.
- 2. Remove all removable media, such as compact discs and USB flash drives, from the computer.
- 3. Turn off the computer properly through the operating system, and turn off any external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet and disconnect any external devices.
- **IMPORTANT:** Regardless of the power-on state, voltage is always present on the system board as long as the system is plugged into an active AC outlet. To prevent damage to internal components, you must disconnect the AC power cord from the power source before opening the computer.
- 5. Remove the computer access panel. See <u>Removing the computer access panel on page 6</u>.
- 6. Locate the battery and battery holder on the system board.
- **NOTE:** On some computer models, it may be necessary to remove an internal component to gain access to the battery.
- 7. Depending on the type of battery holder on the system board, complete the following instructions to replace the battery.

Type 1

a. Lift the battery out of its holder.



b. Slide the replacement battery into position, positive side up. The battery holder automatically secures the battery in the proper position.

Type 2

a. To release the battery from its holder, squeeze the metal clamp that extends above one edge of the battery (1). When the battery pops up, lift it out (2).

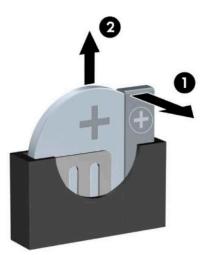


b. To insert the new battery, slide one edge of the replacement battery under the holder's lip with the positive side up (1). Press the other edge down until the clamp snaps over the other edge of the battery (2).



Туре З

a. Pull back the clip (1) that is holding the battery in place, and remove the battery (2).



- **b.** Insert the new battery and position the clip back into place.
- **NOTE:** After the battery has been replaced, use the following steps to complete this procedure.
- 8. Replace the computer access panel.
- 9. Reconnect the power cord and any external devices, and then turn on the computer.

- **10.** Reset the date and time, your passwords, and any special system setups using Computer Setup.
- **11.** Lock any security devices that were disengaged when the computer access panel was removed.

B Electrostatic discharge

A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor may damage system boards or other staticsensitive devices. This type of damage may reduce the life expectancy of the device.

Preventing electrostatic damage

To prevent electrostatic damage, observe the following precautions:

- Avoid hand contact by transporting and storing products in static-safe containers.
- Keep electrostatic-sensitive parts in their containers until they arrive at static-free workstations.
- Place parts on a grounded surface before removing them from their containers.
- Avoid touching pins, leads, or circuitry.
- Always be properly grounded when touching a static-sensitive component or assembly.

Grounding methods

There are several methods for grounding. Use one or more of the following methods when handling or installing electrostatic-sensitive parts:

- Use a wrist strap connected by a ground cord to a grounded workstation or computer chassis. Wrist
 straps are flexible straps with a minimum of 1 megohm +/- 10 percent resistance in the ground cords. To
 provide proper ground, wear the strap snug against the skin.
- Use heelstraps, toestraps, or bootstraps at standing workstations. Wear the straps on both feet when standing on conductive floors or dissipating floor mats.
- Use conductive field service tools.
- Use a portable field service kit with a folding static-dissipating work mat.

If you do not have any of the suggested equipment for proper grounding, contact an HP authorized dealer, reseller, or service provider.

NOTE: For more information on static electricity, contact an HP authorized dealer, reseller, or service provider.

C Computer operating guidelines, routine care and shipping preparation

Computer operating guidelines and routine care

Follow these guidelines to properly set up and care for the computer and monitor:

- Keep the computer away from excessive moisture, direct sunlight, and extremes of heat and cold.
- Operate the computer on a sturdy, level surface. Leave a 10.2 cm (4-inch) clearance on all vented sides of the computer and above the monitor to permit the required airflow.
- Never restrict the airflow into the computer by blocking any vents or air intakes. Do not place the keyboard, with the keyboard feet down, directly against the front of the desktop unit as this also restricts airflow.
- Never operate the computer with the access panel or any of the expansion card slot covers removed.
- Do not stack computers on top of each other or place computers so near each other that they are subject to each other's re-circulated or preheated air.
- If the computer is to be operated within a separate enclosure, intake and exhaust ventilation must be provided on the enclosure, and the same operating guidelines listed above will still apply.
- Keep liquids away from the computer and keyboard.
- Never cover the ventilation slots on the monitor with any type of material.
- Install or enable power management functions of the operating system or other software, including sleep states.
- Turn off the computer before you do either of the following:
 - Wipe the exterior of the computer with a soft, damp cloth as needed. Using cleaning products may discolor or damage the finish.
 - Occasionally clean the air vents on all vented sides of the computer. Lint, dust, and other foreign matter can block the vents and limit the airflow.

Optical drive precautions

Be sure to observe the following guidelines while operating or cleaning the optical drive.

Operation

- Do not move the drive during operation. This may cause it to malfunction during reading.
- Avoid exposing the drive to sudden changes in temperature, as condensation may form inside the unit. If the temperature suddenly changes while the drive is on, wait at least one hour before you turn off the power. If you operate the unit immediately, it may malfunction while reading.
- Avoid placing the drive in a location that is subject to high humidity, extreme temperatures, mechanical vibration, or direct sunlight.

Cleaning

- Clean the panel and controls with a soft, dry cloth or a soft cloth lightly moistened with a mild detergent solution. Never spray cleaning fluids directly on the unit.
- Avoid using any type of solvent, such as alcohol or benzene, which may damage the finish.

Safety

If any object or liquid falls into the drive, immediately unplug the computer and have it checked by an authorized HP service provider.

Shipping preparation

Follow these suggestions when preparing to ship the computer:

- 1. Back up the hard drive files to an external storage device. Be sure that the backup media is not exposed to electrical or magnetic impulses while stored or in transit.
- **NOTE:** The hard drive locks automatically when the system power is turned off.
- 2. Remove and store all removable media.
- 3. Turn off the computer and external devices.
- 4. Disconnect the AC power cord from the AC outlet, then from the computer.
- Disconnect the system components and external devices from their power sources, then from the computer.
- **NOTE:** Be sure that all boards are seated properly and secured in the board slots before shipping the computer.
- 6. Pack the system components and external devices in their original packing boxes or similar packaging with sufficient packing material to protect them.

D Accessibility

Accessibility

HP is working to weave diversity, inclusion and work/life into the fabric of our company, so it is reflected in everything we do. Here are some examples of how we are putting differences to work to create an inclusive environment focused on connecting people to the power of technology throughout the world.

Finding the technology tools you need

Technology can unleash your human potential. Assistive technology removes barriers and helps you create independence at home, at work, and in the community. Assistive technology helps increase, maintain, and improve the functional capabilities of electronic and information technology, including desktop and notebook computers, tablets, mobile phones, printers, and more. For more information, see <u>Finding the best assistive</u> technology on page 61.

Our commitment

HP is committed to providing products and services that are accessible for people with disabilities. This commitment supports our company's diversity objectives and helps us ensure that the benefits of technology are available to all.

Our accessibility goal is to design, produce, and market products and services that can be effectively used by everyone, including people with disabilities, either on a stand-alone basis or with appropriate assistive devices.

To achieve our goal, this Accessibility Policy establishes seven key objectives to guide our actions as a company. All HP managers and employees are expected to support these objectives and their implementation in accordance with their roles and responsibilities:

- Raise the level of awareness of accessibility issues within our company, and provide our employees with the training they need to design, produce, market, and deliver accessible products and services.
- Develop accessibility guidelines for products and services, and hold product development groups accountable for implementing these guidelines where competitively, technically, and economically feasible.
- Involve people with disabilities in the development of accessibility guidelines, and in the design and testing of products and services.
- Document accessibility features and make information about our products and services publicly available in an accessible form.
- Establish relationships with leading assistive technology and solution providers.
- Support internal and external research and development that will improve assistive technology relevant to our products and services.
- Support and contribute to industry standards and guidelines for accessibility.

International Association of Accessibility Professionals (IAAP)

IAAP is a not-for-profit association focused on advancing the accessibility profession through networking, education, and certification. The objective is to help accessibility professionals develop and advance their careers and to better enable organizations to integrate accessibility into their products and infrastructure.

HP is a founding member, and we joined to participate with other organizations to advance the field of accessibility. This commitment supports our company's accessibility goal of designing, producing, and marketing products and services that can be effectively used by people with disabilities.

IAAP will make our profession strong by globally connecting individuals, students, and organizations to learn from one another. If you are interested in learning more, go to http://www.accessibilityassociation.org to join the online community, sign up for newsletters, and learn about membership options.

Finding the best assistive technology

Everyone, including people with disabilities or age-related limitations, should be able to communicate, express themselves, and connect with the world using technology. HP is committed to increasing accessibility awareness within HP and with our customers and partners. Whether it's large fonts that are easy on the eyes, voice recognition that lets you give your hands a rest, or any other assistive technology to help with your specific situation, a variety of assistive technologies make HP products easier to use. How do you choose?

Assessing your needs

Technology can unleash your potential. Assistive technology removes barriers and helps you create independence at home, at work, and in the community. Assistive technology (AT) helps increase, maintain, and improve the functional capabilities of electronic and information technology, including desktop and notebook computers, tablets, mobile phones, printers, and more.

You may choose from many AT products. Your AT assessment should allow you to evaluate several products, answer your questions, and facilitate your selection of the best solution for your situation. You will find that professionals qualified to do AT assessments come from many fields, including those licensed or certified in physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech/language pathology, and other areas of expertise. Others, while not certified or licensed, may also provide evaluation information. You will want to ask about the individual's experience, expertise, and fees to determine if they are appropriate for your needs.

Accessibility for HP PC and tablet products

The following links provide information on accessibility features and assistive technology, if applicable, included in various HP products. These resources will help you select the specific assistive technology features and product(s) most appropriate for your situation.

- <u>HP Elite x3–Accessibility Options (Windows 10 Mobile)</u>
- HP PCs–Windows 7 Accessibility Options
- HP PCs–Windows 8 Accessibility Options
- HP PC's–Windows 10 Accessibility Options
- HP Slate 7 Tablets–Enabling Accessibility Features on Your HP Tablet (Android 4.1/Jelly Bean)
- HP SlateBook PCs–Enabling Accessibility Features (Android 4.3, 4.2/Jelly Bean)
- <u>HP Chromebook PCs–Enabling Accessibility Features on Your HP Chromebook or Chromebox (Chrome OS)</u>
- HP Shopping-peripherals for HP products

If you need additional support with the accessibility features on your HP product, see <u>Contacting support</u> on page 65.

Additional links to external partners and suppliers that may provide additional assistance:

- <u>Microsoft Accessibility information (Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10, Microsoft Office)</u>
- <u>Google Products accessibility information (Android, Chrome, Google Apps)</u>
- Assistive Technologies sorted by impairment type
- Assistive Technologies sorted by product type
- Assistive Technology vendors with product descriptions
- Assistive Technology Industry Association (ATIA)

Standards and legislation

Standards

Section 508 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) standards was created by the US Access Board to address access to information and communication technology (ICT) for people with physical, sensory, or cognitive disabilities. The standards contain technical criteria specific to various types of technologies, as well as performance-based requirements which focus on functional capabilities of covered products. Specific criteria cover software applications and operating systems, web-based information and applications, computers, telecommunications products, video and multi-media, and self-contained closed products.

Mandate 376 – EN 301 549

The EN 301 549 standard was created by the European Union within Mandate 376 as the basis for an online toolkit for public procurement of ICT products. The standard specifies the functional accessibility requirements applicable to ICT products and services, together with a description of the test procedures and evaluation methodology for each accessibility requirement.

Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG)

Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) from the W3C's Web Accessibility Initiative (WAI) helps web designers and developers create sites that better meet the needs of people with disabilities or age-related limitations. WCAG advances accessibility across the full range of web content (text, images, audio, and video) and web applications. WCAG can be precisely tested, is easy to understand and use, and allows web developers flexibility for innovation. WCAG 2.0 has also been approved as <u>ISO/IEC 40500:2012</u>.

WCAG specifically addresses barriers to accessing the web experienced by people with visual, auditory, physical, cognitive, and neurological disabilities, and by older web users with accessibility needs. WCAG 2.0 provides characteristics of accessible content:

- Perceivable (for instance, by addressing text alternatives for images, captions for audio, adaptability of
 presentation, and color contrast)
- **Operable** (by addressing keyboard access, color contrast, timing of input, seizure avoidance, and navigability)
- Understandable (by addressing readability, predictability, and input assistance)
- **Robust** (for instance, by addressing compatibility with assistive technologies)

Legislation and regulations

Accessibility of IT and information has become an area of increasing legislative importance. This section provides links to information on key legislation, regulations, and standards.

- United States
- <u>Canada</u>
- <u>Europe</u>
- United Kingdom
- <u>Australia</u>
- <u>Worldwide</u>

United States

Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act specifies that agencies must identify which standards apply to the procurement of ICT, perform market research to determine the availability of accessible products and services, and document the results of their market research. The following resources provide assistance in meeting Section 508 requirements:

- www.section508.gov
- Buy Accessible

The U.S. Access Board is currently updating the Section 508 standards. This effort will address new technologies and other areas where the standards need to be modified. For more information, go to <u>Section</u> <u>508 Refresh</u>.

Section 255 of the Telecommunications Act requires telecommunications products and services to be accessible to people with disabilities. FCC rules cover all hardware and software telephone network equipment and telecommunications equipment used in the home or office. Such equipment includes telephones, wireless handsets, fax machines, answering machines, and pagers. FCC rules also cover basic and special telecommunications services, including regular telephone calls, call waiting, speed dialing, call forwarding, computer-provided directory assistance, call monitoring, caller identification, call tracing, and repeat dialing, as well as voice mail and interactive voice response systems that provide callers with menus of choices. For more information, go to Federal Communication Commission Section 255 information.

21st Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act (CVAA)

The CVAA updates federal communications law to increase the access of persons with disabilities to modern communications, updating accessibility laws enacted in the 1980s and 1990s to include new digital, broadband, and mobile innovations. Regulations are enforced by the FCC and documented as 47 CFR Part 14 and Part 79.

FCC Guide on the CVAA

Other U.S. legislation and initiatives

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Telecommunications Act, the Rehabilitation Act and others

Canada

The Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act was established to develop and implement accessibility standards to make goods, services, and facilities accessible to Ontarians with disabilities and to provide for the involvement of persons with disabilities in the development of the accessibility standards. The first standard of the AODA is the customer service standard; however, standards for transportation, employment, and information and communication are also being developed. The AODA applies to the Government of

Ontario, the Legislative Assembly, every designated public sector organization, and to every other person or organization that provides goods, services, or facilities to the public or other third parties and that has at least one employee in Ontario; and accessibility measures must be implemented on or before January 1, 2025. For more information, go to Accessibility for Ontarians with Disability Act (AODA).

Europe

EU Mandate 376 ETSI Technical Report ETSI DTR 102 612: "Human Factors (HF); European accessibility requirements for public procurement of products and services in the ICT domain (European Commission Mandate M 376, Phase 1)" has been released.

Background: The three European Standardization Organizations have set up two parallel project teams to carry out the work specified in the European Commission "Mandate 376 to CEN, CENELEC and ETSI, in Support of Accessibility Requirements for Public Procurement of Products and Services in the ICT Domain."

ETSI TC Human Factors Specialist Task Force 333 has developed ETSI DTR 102 612. Further details about the work performed by STF333 (e.g., Terms of Reference, specification of the detailed work tasks, time plan for the work, previous drafts, listing of comments received and means to contact the task force) can be found at the <u>Special Task Force 333</u>.

The parts relating to the assessment of suitable testing and conformity schemes were carried out by a parallel project, detailed in CEN BT/WG185/PT. For further information, go to the CEN project team website. The two projects are closely coordinated.

- <u>CEN project team</u>
- European Commission mandate for e-accessibility (PDF 46KB)
- <u>Commission takes low profile on e-accessibility</u>

United Kingdom

The Disability Discrimination Act of 1995 (DDA) was enacted to ensure that websites are accessible to blind and disabled users in the United Kingdom.

W3C UK Policies

Australia

The Australian government has announced their plan to implement Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 2.0.

All Australian government websites will require Level A compliance by 2012, and Double A by 2015. The new standard replaces WCAG 1.0, which was introduced as a mandated requirement for agencies in 2000.

Worldwide

- JTC1 Special Working Group on Accessibility (SWG-A)
- G3ict: The Global Initiative for Inclusive ICT
- <u>Italian accessibility legislation</u>
- <u>W3C Web Accessibility Initiative (WAI)</u>

Useful accessibility resources and links

The following organizations may be good resources for information about disabilities and age-related limitations.

NOTE: This is not an exhaustive list. These organizations are provided for informational purposes only. HP assumes no responsibility for information or contacts you may encounter on the Internet. Listing on this page does not imply endorsement by HP.

Organizations

- American Association of People with Disabilities (AAPD)
- The Association of Assistive Technology Act Programs (ATAP)
- Hearing Loss Association of America (HLAA)
- Information Technology Technical Assistance and Training Center (ITTATC)
- Lighthouse International
- National Association of the Deaf
- National Federation of the Blind
- Rehabilitation Engineering & Assistive Technology Society of North America (RESNA)
- Telecommunications for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing, Inc. (TDI)
- W3C Web Accessibility Initiative (WAI)

Educational institutions

- California State University, Northridge, Center on Disabilities (CSUN)
- University of Wisconsin Madison, Trace Center
- University of Minnesota computer accommodations program

Other disability resources

- ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) Technical Assistance Program
- Business & Disability network
- EnableMart
- European Disability Forum
- Job Accommodation Network
- Microsoft Enable
- U.S. Department of Justice A Guide to disability rights Laws

HP links

Our contact webform

HP comfort and safety guide

HP public sector sales

Contacting support

NOTE: Support is in English only.

- Customers who are deaf or hard of hearing that have questions about technical support or accessibility of HP products:
 - Use TRS/VRS/WebCapTel to call (877) 656-7058 Monday through Friday, 6 a.m. to 9 p.m. Mountain Time.
- Customers with other disabilities or age-related limitations who have questions about technical support or accessibility of HP products, choose one of the following options:
 - Call (888) 259-5707 Monday through Friday, 6 a.m. to 9 p.m. Mountain Time.
 - Complete the <u>Contact form for people with disabilities or age-related limitations</u>.

Index

A

access panel removal 6 replacement 7 accessibility 60 accessibility needs assessment 61 assistive technology (AT) finding 61 purpose 60 AT (assistive technology) finding 61 purpose 60

B

battery replacement 53

C

computer operating guidelines 58 customer support, accessibility 65

D

drives cable connections 23 installation 23 locations 22 dust filter 10

E

electrostatic discharge, preventing damage 57 expansion card installation 16 removal 16

F

front bezel blank removal 8 removal 8 replacement 10 security 51 front panel components 2

H

hard drive (2.5-inch) installation 40 removal 39 hard drive (3.5-inch) installation 34 removal 31 HP Assistive Policy 60

L

installation guidelines 5 installing 2.5-inch hard drive 40 3.5-inch hard drive 34 5.25-inch optical drive 25 battery 53 computer access panel 7 drive cables 23 dust filter 10 expansion card 16 front bezel 10 M.2 SSD card 42 memory 13 slim optical drive 29 International Association of Accessibility Professionals 61

L

locks front bezel 51 HP Business PC Security Lock 46 padlock 45 security cable lock 45

Μ

M.2 SSD card installation 42 removal 42 memory installation 13 socket population 13

0

optical drive cleaning 59 precautions 59 optical drive (5.25-inch) installation 25 removal 24 optical drive (slim) installation 29 removal 28

P

product ID location 4

R

rear panel components 3 removing 2.5-inch hard drive 39 3.5-inch hard drive 31 5.25-inch optical drive 24 battery 53 bezel blank 8 computer access panel 6 dust filter 10 expansion card 16 front bezel 8 M.2 SSD card 42 slim optical drive 28 resources, accessibility 64

S

Section 508 accessibility standards 62, 63 security cable lock 45 front bezel 51 HP Business PC Security Lock 46 padlock 45 serial number location 4 shipping preparation 59 standards and legislation, accessibility 62 system board connections 12

V

ventilation guidelines 58